# **GPLUS EDUCATION**

Date	:	
Time	:	CHEMISTRY
Marks	:	

### **CHEMISTRY IN EVERYDAY LIFE**

	Single Correct Answer Type					
1.	Salol can be used as					
1.	a) Antiseptic	b) Antipyretic	c) Analgesic	d) Disinfectant		
2.	Which of the following		-)	,		
	a) Quinine	b) Paracetamol	c) Luminal	d) Poperazine		
3.	, .	is an example of basic dye?	·, — ·····	,		
	a) Alizarin	b) Malachite green	c) Indigo	d) Orange I		
4.	Which of the following	-	, 0	, 0		
	a) Tetracyclin	b) Neomycin	c) Carbomycin	d) Cyclohexane		
5.	•	wn dye is obtained by the re	•	, .		
	a) Phthalic anhydride a	_				
	b) Phthalic anhydride a	nd resorcinol				
	c) Succinic acid and res	orcinol				
	d) Phthalic anhydride a	nd catechol				
6.	Which of the following	is bacteriostatic?				
	a) Penicillin	b) Erythromycin	c) Amino glycodine	d) Ofloxacin		
7.	One of the most widely	used drug in medicine, iode	x is:			
	a) Methyl salicylate	3				
	b) Ethyl salicylate					
	c) Acetyl salicylic acid	PLUS EDU	CATION			
8.		effect the central nervous sys	-			
	a) Tranquillizers	b) Antipyretics	c) Analgesics	d) None of these		
9.		icator in acid-alkali titration	ı. It gives:			
	a) Yellow colour in alka					
	b) Red colour in acid m					
	c) Yellow colour in acid		1			
4.0	-	lline medium and red colour	'in acid medium			
10.	Red ink is prepared from		-) C d	J) P!		
11	a) Phenol	b) Aniline	c) Congo red	d) Eosin		
11.		aced to a soluble colourless	=			
	a) Mordant dye	on and then exposed to air t b) Vat dye	c) Azo dye	=		
12	,	tances used for the treatmen	, ,	d) Direct dye		
14.	a) Cancer	b) AIDS	c) Mental diseases	d) Physical disorders		
12	•	om LAB are biodegradable. I	•	u) i nysicai disorders		
13.	a) Laboratory tested ra	_	b) Low anionic balance			
	c) Linear alkyl benzene		d) None of the above			
14	Phenacetin is used as:		aj None of the above			
_ 11	a) Antipyretic	b) Antiseptic	c) Antimalarial	d) Analgesic		
15.	= = = =	roposed PSLV rocket of the I	•	_		
_0.	a) A composite solid pr	_	opaco programme si	30110100 011		
		such as N2O4 + unsvmmetri	ical dimethyl hydrazine (U	DMH) and N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> +		

monomethyl hydrazine (MMH)

- c) Both (a) and (b) in different stages of rocket propulsion
- d) Kerosene and liquid oxygen
- 16. Which of the following is a hypnotic drug?
  - a) Luminal
- b) Salol

- c) Catechol
- d) Chemisol

- 17. Chloramine-T is a
  - a) Disinfectant
- b) Antiseptic
- c) Analgesic
- d) Antipyretics

- 18. Select the incorrect statement regarding detergents
  - a) These have a non-polar organic part and a polar group
  - b) These are surface active reagent
  - c) These are sodium salt of fatty acids
  - d) These are not easily biodegradable
- 19. The antibiotic streptomycin is specific against:
  - a) Tuberculosis
- b) Typhoid
- c) Malaria
- d) AIDS

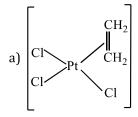
- 20. Paracetamol is
  - a) Both antipyretic and analgesic

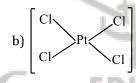
b) Only analgesic

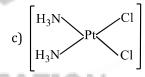
c) Only antipyretic

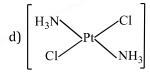
- d) Antimicrobial
- 21. An antibiotic effective in treatment of pneumonia, bronchitis etc, is
  - a) Pencillin
- b) Patalin
- c) Chloromycetin
- d) Tetracycline

- 22. Bithional is added to soap as an additive to function as a/an
  - a) Softener
- b) Hardener
- c) Dryer
- d) Antiseptic
- 23. Which of the following is considered to be an anticancer species?









- 24. Which of the following is not a artificial sweetener?
  - a) Sucralose
- b) Alitame
- c) Saccharin
- d) Sucrose
- 25. Which of the following is used as an oxidizer in rocket propellants?
  - a) Alcohol

b) Acrylic rubber

c) Hydrazine

- d) Ammonium perchlorate
- 26. The correct structure of the drug paracetamol is









- 27. Which of the following forms cationic micelles above certain concentration?
  - a) Sodium ethyl sulphate

b) Sodium acetate

c) Urea

- d) Cetyltrimethylammonium bromide
- 28. A medicine which promotes the secretion of urine is called:
- a) Uretic
- b) Monouretic
- c) Diuretic
- d) Triuretic

- 29. Aspirin is a/an
  - a) Narcotic drug
- b) Antipyretic
- c) Antimalarial
- d) Antiseptic

- 30. Bithional is an example of
  - a) Disinfectant
- b) Antiseptic
- c) Antibiotic
- d) Analgesic

- 31. Hydrazine as a drug is also used in the treatment of:
  - a) Typhoid
- b) Cholera
- c) Malaria
- d) Tuberculosis

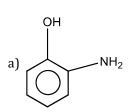
32.	Chloromycetin (Chloramphenicol) is effective in the treatment of:			
	a) Tuberculosis	b) Malaria	c) Typhoid	d) Cholera
33.	A hybrid rocket propellar	nt uses		
	a) A liquid oxidizer and a	solid fuel	b) A composite solid prop	ellant
	c) A biliquid propellant		d) A solid, liquid and gas a	as a propellant
34.	Which of the following is	not a chromophore?		
	a) —N=N—	b) —NO	c) —NO <sub>2</sub>	d) —NH <sub>2</sub>
35.	The insecticide containin	g 99% $\gamma$ -isomer of benzene	e hexachloride is known as:	
	a) Lindane	b) TNT	c) Malathion	d) Methoxychlor
36.	The poisonous gas evolve	ed in Bhopal tragedy from t	he pesticide plant of Union	Carbide Co. was:
	a) CO	b) Methyl isocyanate	c) Phosgene	d) Chloropicrin
37.	One of the most known a	ntiseptic, dettol is a mixtur	e of terpineol and	
	a) Bithional	b) Chloroxylenol	c) o-cresol	d) Serotonin
38.	The formulation of Detto	l contains:		
	a) Chloroxylenol	b) Terpineol	c) Alcohol	d) All of these
39.	The blue print process in	volves the use of:		
	a) Indigo dyes	b) Vat dyes	c) Iron compounds	d) Zinc compounds
40.	Chloramphenicol is used	as an:		
	a) Analgesic	b) Anaesthetic	c) Antibiotic	d) Antiseptic
41.	Which one of the following	ng is employed as antihistai	mine?	
	a) Omeprazole	b) Chloramphenicol	c) Diphenyl hydramine	d) Norothindrone
42.	Which of the following is	a hallucinogenic drug?		
	a) Methedrine	b) Calmpose	c) LSD	d) Seconal
43.	Detergents are prepared	by the action of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> follo	owed by neutralisation by s	tarting with
	a) Choesterol	b) Lauryl alcohol	c) Cyclohexanol	d) <i>p</i> -nitrophenol
44.	The drug			
	Н			
	N	PLUS EDU	'ATION	
	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OLTO2 ED O /	MITOIA	
	CH <sub>2</sub>			
	N			
	ĊH <sub>2</sub> ——I	NH <sub>2</sub> is used as		
	a) Vasodilator	b) Analgesics	c) Antacid	d) Antiseptic
45.	Which of the following is		•	•
	a) $CH_3 - (CH_2)_{15} - N^+(CH_2)_{15}$		b) $CH_3 - (CH_2)_{14} - CH_2N_1$	$^{ m IH_2}$
	c) $CH_3 - (CH_2)_{16} - CH_2$		d) OHC $-(CH_2)_{14} - CH_2$	
46.	Sulpha drugs are used for		, 2,11 2	
	a) Precipitating bacteria			
	b) Removing bacteria			
	c) Decreasing the size of	bacteria		
	d) Stopping the growth o			
47.	Indigo belongs to the clas			
	a) Mordant dye	b) Vat dye	c) Direct dye	d) Disperse dye
48.	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	•	$I_2$ in water/alcohol) and so	, ,
	<del>-</del>	, ( , 0	-2	
	blue are:			
	blue are: a) Antiseptics	h) Disinfectants	c) Analgesics	d) Antinyretics
49	a) Antiseptics	b) Disinfectants	c) Analgesics	d) Antipyretics
49.	<ul><li>a) Antiseptics</li><li>Acetoxy benzoic acid is:</li></ul>		-	
	<ul><li>a) Antiseptics</li><li>Acetoxy benzoic acid is:</li><li>a) Antiseptic</li></ul>	b) Aspirin	<ul><li>c) Analgesics</li><li>c) Antibiotic</li></ul>	<ul><li>d) Antipyretics</li><li>d) Mordant dye</li></ul>
	<ul><li>a) Antiseptics</li><li>Acetoxy benzoic acid is:</li></ul>	b) Aspirin	-	

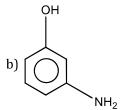
51.	Which one of the following is known as broad spectr		d) Daniaillin C
EO	a) Streptomycin b) Ampicillin	c) Chloramphenicol	d) Penicillin G
52.	Aspirin is an acetylation product of	h) a hydrawyhangaia acid	
	a) p-dihydroxybenzene	<ul><li>b) o-hydroxybenzoic acid</li><li>d) m-hydroxybenzoic acid</li></ul>	
E2	c) o-dihydroxybenzene Fluorescein is an example of	u) m-nyuroxybenzoic acid	ı.
53.	a) Azo dyes	b) Phthalein dyes	
	c) Triphenyl methane dyes	d) Nitro dyes	
54.	Which of the following drugs is a tranquillizer and so	•	
34.	a) Sulphadiazine b) Papaverine	c) Equanil	d) Mescaline
55.	Aspirin is	c) Equaiii	u) Mescanne
55.	a) Acetylsalicylic acid	b) 2-methyoxybenzoic ac	id
	c) Acetyloxalic acid	d) Methylbenzoic acid	iu
56.	Chloroquine is an example of:	u) Methylbenzole acid	
50.	a) Antipyretic b) Antimalarial	c) Antibacterial	d) Antitubercular drug
57	A combination of nitrocellulose and nitroglycerine is	=	a) interesperential arag
571	a) Hybrid propellant	a propendite of the type.	
	b) Mono propellant		
	c) Double base propellant		
	d) Biliquid propellant		
58.	Which of the following is red dye?		
	о́Н		
	a) $\langle \bigcirc \rangle$ N=N $\langle \bigcirc \rangle$	$b)$ $\langle \bigcirc \rangle$ $N=N-$	$\longrightarrow$ $\backslash$
		,	
		'ATION	
	C	d	$\longrightarrow$ $\bigcirc$
	, \	<i>,</i>	
59.	Medicine which is antibiotic is		
	a) Ampicillin b) Phenacetin	c) Calmpose	d) Chloroquine
60.	Baby talcum powders contain	•	•
	a) Benzoin, glyceryl discetate	b) Zinc acetate, glyceryl d	iacetate
	c) Zinc stearate, boric acid	d) Zinc stearate, cinnamic	ester
61.	A synthetic detergent is a		
	a) Cleansing agent b) Drug	c) Catalyst	d) Soap
62.	The safest and the most common alternative of suga	r is	
	a) Glucose b) Aspartame	c) Saccharin	d) cyclodextrin
63.	Which of the following is a direct dye?		
	a) Phenolphthalein b) Congo red	c) Alizarin	d) Indigo
64.	Salol can be used as:		
	a) Antiseptic b) Antipyretic	c) Analgesic	d) None of these
65.	Alizarin gives a red colour by mordanting it with the	sulphate of a metal. The m	etal ion involved is:
	a) Cr <sup>3+</sup> b) Fe <sup>3+</sup>	c) Al <sup>3+</sup>	d) Sn <sup>2+</sup>
66.	Which one of the following is a vat dye?		
	a) Alizarin b) Indigo	c) Malachite green	d) Methyl orange
67.	Which one of following types of drugs reduces fever	?	
	a) Analgesic b) Antipyretic	c) Antibiotic	d) Tranquilizer

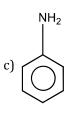
- 68. Alizarin a mordant dye is not used in:
  - a) Cotton dyeing
  - b) Printing
  - c) Painting
  - d) Chromium lakes for wood dyeing
- 69. The following structure represents

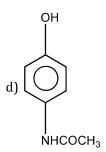
- a) Sucrose
- b) Sucralose
- c) Aspartame
- d) Alitame

70. Which of the following gives paracetamol on acetylation?









- 71. Which of the following is a natural dye?
  - a) Martius yellow
- b) Alizarin
- c) Phenolphthalein
- d) Orange I

- 72. Medicine which is an antibiotic is
  - a) Ampicillin
- b) Aspirin
- c) Compose
- d) All of these

- 73. Cocaine is:
  - a) Vitamin
- b) Poison
- c) Medicine
- d) Antipyretic

- 74. Hippuric acid has the formula
  - a) CH<sub>3</sub>CONHCH<sub>2</sub>COOH

b) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CONHCH<sub>2</sub>COOH

c) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NHCOOH

- d) NH<sub>2</sub>CONHCOOH
- 75. Which of the following is not an antipyretic?
  - a) Aspirin
- b) Paracetamol
- c) Barbituric acid
- d) Phenacetin

- 76. An azo dye is fixed on fabrics by the process applicable in:
  - a) Vat dyes
- b) Mordant dyes
- c) Developed dyes
- d) Substantive dyes

- 77. Aspirin is an acetylation product of
  - a) o-hydroxybenzoic acid

b) *o*-hydroxybenzene

c) m-hydroxybenzoic acid

d) p-dihydroxybenzene

- 78. Which statement is false?
  - a) Some disinfectants can be used antiseptics at low concentration
  - b) Sulphadiazine is a synthetic antibacterial
  - c) Ampicillin is a natural antibiotic
  - d) Aspirin is analgesic and antipyretic both
- 79. An insoluble coloured compound formed by action of metallic salts on dyes is known as:
  - a) Lake

- b) Mordant
- c) Dye intermediate
- d) None of these

- 80. Which of the following is a germicide also?
  - a) Cationic detergent

b) Anionic detergent

c) Non-ionic detergent

- d) None of the above
- 81. An azo dye is formed by interaction of an aromatic diazonium chloride with:

- a) A phenol
- b) An aliphatic primary amine
- c) Benzene
- d) Nitrous acid
- 82. Which of the following is not an antiseptic drug?
  - a) Iodoform
- b) Dettol
- c) Gammexane
- d) Genatian violet
- 83. The substances which affect the central nervous system and induce sleep are called
  - a) Antipyretics
- b) Tranquilizers
- c) Analgesics
- d) None of these

- 84. An example of a liquid propellant is:
  - a) Liquid N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>+ kerosene
  - b)  $HNO_3 + HCl$
  - c) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>+ hydrazine
  - d) None of the above
- 85. Sodium alkyl benzene sulphonate is used as
  - a) Soap

- b) Fertilizer
- c) Detergent
- d) Pesticide

- 86. Which of the following drugs is an analgesic?
  - a) Sulphaguanidine
- b) Paludrin
- c) Analgin
- d) Iodex

- 87. Which of the following is an ingrain dye?
  - a) Congo-red
- b) Aniline black
- c) Alizarin
- d) Indigo

- 88. Oral contraceptive drugs contain
  - a) Mestranol
- b) Norethindrone
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of these

- 89. An example of a psychedelic agent is:
  - a) DNA

b) LSD

c) DDT

d) TNT

- 90. Which are insecticides?
  - a) Baygon
- b) Savine
- c) Methoxy chlor 91. The drugs used to get relief from pain are called
- d) All of these

- a) Antipyretics b) Analgesics
- 92. Which of the following is used as an antiseptic?
- c) Antibiotics
- d) Antiseptics

- a) Phenol 93. Which one is acidic dye?
  - a) Methyl orange

b) Benzaldehyde

c) Benzalamine

c) Phenolphthalein

d) Malic anhydride

- b) Methyl red 94. 4-chloro-3,5-dimethyl phenol is called
  - - a) Chloramphenicol
- b) Paracetamol
- c) Barbital
- d) Dettol

d) All of these

- 95. A space rocket is propelled by:
  - a) An automobilic engine
  - b) Nuclear engine
  - c) Steam engine
  - d) Mixture of fuel and oxidiser called propellant
- 96. The following compound is used as:

- a) An anti-inflammatory compound
- b) Analgesic
- c) Hypnotic
- d) Antiseptic
- 97. The antiseptic action of dettol is due to
  - a) Chlorobenzene
- b) Chloroxylenol
- c) Terpineol
- d) Both (b) and (c)

98.		veen the specific $I_s$ impulse	e and the critical temperatu	re $T_c$ attained in a rocket
	blast?		1/2	
	a) $I_s \geq T_c$	b) $I_s$ and $T_c^2$	c) $I_s \geq T_c^{1/2}$	d) $I_s \ge 1/T_c$
99.	The drug used for prevent			
	a) Aspirin	b) Valium	c) Chloramphenicol	d) Cephalsoprin
100	. Which one of the followin			
	a) Chlorpheninamine	b) Equanil	c) Naproxen	d) Tetracycline
101	. Which of the following is l	-	120 1	
	a) Pentaerythritol monos		b) Sodium stearyl sulphat	
400	c) Trimethyl stearyl amm		d) Ethoxylated nonypheno	Ol
102	. Trade name of aspartame		a) Caramala a a	J) Martine and at
102	a) Alitame	b) Saccharin	c) Sucralose	d) Nutra sweet
103	. Which of the following is o		a) Anilina wallaw	d) All of those
104	a) Methyl orange . Which of the following is i	b) Orange I	c) Aniline yellow	d) All of these
104	a) Allergy	b) Cancer	c) German measeles	d) Sickel-cell anaemia
105	. 2-acetoxy benzoic acid is	•	c) derman measeres	uj sickei-ceii aliaeiilia
103	a) Antimalarial	b) Antidepressant	c) Antiseptic	d) Antipyretic
106	. Which of the following gro			и) ттаругене
100		_		4) \G N
	a) $-N(CH_3)_2$	b) —H	c) —OCH <sub>3</sub>	d) $\rangle C = N$
107	. Arsenic drugs are mainly			
	a) Jaundice	b) Typhoid	c) Syphilis	d) Cholera
108	<del>-</del>		reparation of paracetamol	-
	a) $HNO_3$ , $H_2/Pd$ , $(CH_3CO)$		b) H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> /Pd, (CH <sub>3</sub> CO)	
400	c) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl, SnCl <sub>2</sub> /HCl, (		d) $Br_2/H_2O$ , $Zn/HCl$ , $(CH_3)$	CO) <sub>2</sub> O
109	. Which one is a broad spec		) V 1	12. 4
110	a) Chloramphenicol	b) Plasmoquin	c) Xylocane	d) Antiseptic
110	. Which of the following is a a) Magnesium hydroxide	not used as all alltacid?	b) Sodium carbonate	
	c) Sodium bicarbonate		d) Aluminium phosphate	
111	. Which of the following sta	itement is not true ahout t		
111			b) It is a non-hypnotic dru	ισ
	c) It is tranquillizer		d) It is used insleeping pil	-
112	. Heroin is acetyl derivative	e of	a) it is used moreeping pin	10
	a) Caffeine	b) Cocaine	c) Nicotine	d) Morphine
113	•	•	ntic nucleus in its structure.	•
	a) Pencillin	b) Streptomycin	c) Tetracyclin	d) Chloramphenicol
114	. Morphine on alkylation ar	, ,	•	, ,
	a) Heroin, codeine	b) Heroine, meperidine	c) Codeine, heroin	d) Meperidine, heroin
115	. A diazonium salt reacts w		dye. This reaction is known	
	a) Diazotisation	b) Condensation	c) Coupling	d) Reduction
116	. Which of the following is a	not a chlorinated insecticio	le?	
	a) DDT	b) Methoxychlor	c) Parathion	d) BHC
117	. A composite solid propell	ant consists of:		
	a) Polyurethane or polybu	utadiene and ammonium p	erchlorate	
	b) Nitroglycerine and nitr	ocellulose		
	c) Hydrazine and $N_2O_4$			
	d) Kerosene and liquid ox	ygen		
118	. Which of the following is j	pheromone?		

			<b>Gplus Education</b>
a) Linalool	b) Disparlure	c) BHA	d) Alifame
119. Which of the following is	•	• •	
a) Indigo	b) Alizarin	c) Picric acid	d) Crystal violet
120. Chloroamphenicol is an:			
a) Antifertility drug	b) Antihistaminic	<ul><li>c) Antiseptic and disinfectant</li></ul>	d) Antibiotic broad spectrum
121. In the following sets of co	mpounds, the one which co	ontains only medicinal com	•
a) Alizarin, phenacetin, m	•	v	1
b) Aspirin, gention violet,	•		
c) Boric acid, chloramphe			
d) 9-oxodecanoic acid, bo	<del>-</del>		
122. OCOCH <sub>3</sub>	<u>-</u>		
COO	П		
The compound 💛	is used as		
a) Antiseptic	b) Antibiotic	c) Analgesic	d) Pesticide
123. Which of the following str	ructures represents a colou	ırless substance?	
$C_6H_5-N=N-C_6H_5$			
a)			
b) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> —N=N—C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>			
c) $C_6H_5$ —NH—NH— $C_6H_5$			
d) None of the above	5		
124. Paracetamol is			
a) Methyl salicylate		b) Phenyl salicylate	
c) N-acetyl <i>p</i> -amino phen	nol	d) Acetyl salicylic acid	
125. Which of the following is	The same and the s	uj Acetyi sancyne aciu	
a) Iodoform	b) Dettol	c) Lindane	d) Gention violet
126. Select the detergent that i			d) delition violet
a) DDBS	s used to prepare cosmetic	b) Polyethylene glycol	
c) Cetyltrimethylammoni	um chloride	d) LAS	
127. Which one is disperse dye		uj mis	
a) Congo red	b) Alizarin	c) Celliton	d) None of these
128. Heroin is a derivative of:	b) mizarm	ej demiton	aj None of these
a) Cocaine	b) Morphine	c) Caffeine	d) Nicotine
129. Which of the following re		ej daneme	a) Medane
a) C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>35</sub> COOK	b) C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>35</sub> COOH	c) C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>31</sub> COOH	d) (C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>35</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub> Ca
130. The drug, effective for the	, 1, 00	c) d <sub>15</sub> 11 <sub>3</sub> 1 do 011	a) (d1/1135d00)/2da
a) Paracetamol	b) Luminal	c) Chloromycetin	d) Novalgin
131. Which of the following co		-	a) 110 rangin
a) Carbon tetrachloride	poumus is used as remige		
b) Acetone			
c) Carbon tetrafluoride			
d) Dichlorodifluorometha	ine		
132. Tranquilisers are also kno			
a) Psychosomatic drugs		b) Psychotherapeutic dru	gs
c) Psychosystolic drugs		d) None of the above	O ·
133. Soaps are classified as		,	

c) Carbohydrates

c) Antipyretic

b) Salts of fatty acids

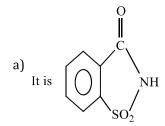
b) Antibiotic

a) Ether134. Penicillin is a:a) Hormone

d) None of these

d) Vitamin

a) 4-chloro-3, 5–dimethyl phenol		b) 3-chloro-4, 5-dimethyl phenol		
c) 4-chloro-2, 5-dimeth	ıyl phenol	d) 5-chloro-3, 4-dim	ethyl phenol	
136. Chloramphenicol is				
a) Narrow spectrum ar	ntibiotic	b) Broad spectrum analgesic		
c) Broad spectrum anti	biotic	d) Broad spectrum a	ntibacterial	
137. Alizarin belongs to the	class of			
a) Vat dyes	b) Mordant dyes	c) Basic dyes	d) Reactive dyes	
138. Morphine an alkaloid is	5:			
a) Anaesthetic	b) Analgesic	c) Antiseptic	d) Antibiotic	
139. Identify the wrong stat	ement regarding alizarin:			
a) Alizarin was extracte	ed from the roots of the ma	dder plant		
b) Its chemical name is	1, 2-dihydroxy anthraquin	one		
c) It is fixed to fabrics b	oy using mordants like alum	ninium sulphate giving fa	ast red colour	
d) It has red crystal sol	uble in alkalies and the solu	ition imparts red colour	to fabrics	
140. Which of these is a hyp	notic?			
a) Metaldehyde	b) Acetaldehyde	c) Paraldehyde	d) None of these	
141. The drug used as an an	tidepressant is:			
a) Luminol	b) Tofranil	c) Mescaline	d) Sulphadiazine	
142. Which one of the follow	ving is employed as a tranq	uillizer drug?		
a) Promethazine	b) Valium	c) Naproxen	d) Mifeprestone	
143. The drug, which is not	a tranquillizer, is			
a) Ibuprofen	b) Veronal	c) Luminal	d) Seconal	
144. 2-acetoxybenzoic acid	la waad aa			
177. 2-acctory belizoic acid	is used as			
a) Antimalarial	b) Antidepressant	c) Antiseptic	d) Antipyretic	
a) Antimalarial 145.     OH	b) Antidepressant	c) Antiseptic	d) Antipyretic	
a) Antimalarial 145.     OH	b) Antidepressant	c) Antiseptic	d) Antipyretic	
a) Antimalarial	b) Antidepressant	c) Antiseptic	d) Antipyretic	
a) Antimalarial  145. OH  CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> COCl, Py	b) Antidepressant			
a) Antimalarial  145. OH  CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> COCl, Py  The final product "Y" i	b) Antidepressant $X \xrightarrow{\text{KMnO}_4} Y$	lowing is incorrect rega	rding ''Y''?	
a) Antimalarial  145. OH  CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> COCl, Py  The final product "Y" i	b) Antidepressant $X \xrightarrow{\text{KMnO}_4} Y$ s medicine. Which of the following antipyretic properties	lowing is incorrect rega	rding ''Y''? Theart attack	
a) Antimalarial  145. OH  CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> COCl, Py  The final product "Y" i  a) It has analgesic as w	b) Antidepressant $X \xrightarrow{\text{KMnO}_4} Y$ s medicine. Which of the folell as antipyretic properties thing action	lowing is incorrect rega b) It helps to preven d) It suppresses the p	rding ''Y''? Theart attack	
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- b) It is 600 times sweeter than sugar
- c) It is used as sweetening agent
- d) All of the above
- 152. Chemically aspirin is known as
  - a) Salicylic acid

b) Salicylaldehyde

c) 2-acetoxybenzoic acid

d) Phenyl salicylate

- 153. Benzalkonium chloride is a
  - a) Cationic surfactant and antiseptic.
  - b) Anionic surfactant and soluble in most of organic solvents.
  - c) Cationic surfactant and insoluble in most of organic solvents.
  - d) Cationic surfactant and antimalarial.
- 154. Aspartame is one of the good artificial sweeteners whose use is limited to cold foods and soft drinks because
  - a) It has very low boiling point

- b) It gets dissociated at cooking temperature
- c) It is sweetener at low temperature
- d) It is insoluble at higher temperatures

- 155. As ester used as medicine is
  - a) Ethyl acetate
- b) Methyl acetate
- c) Methyl salicylate
- d) Ethyl benzoate

156. Which of the following does not behave as a surfactant?

159. The first viral disease detected in human being was:

a) Soap

- b) Detergent
- c) Phospholipid
- d) Triglycerides

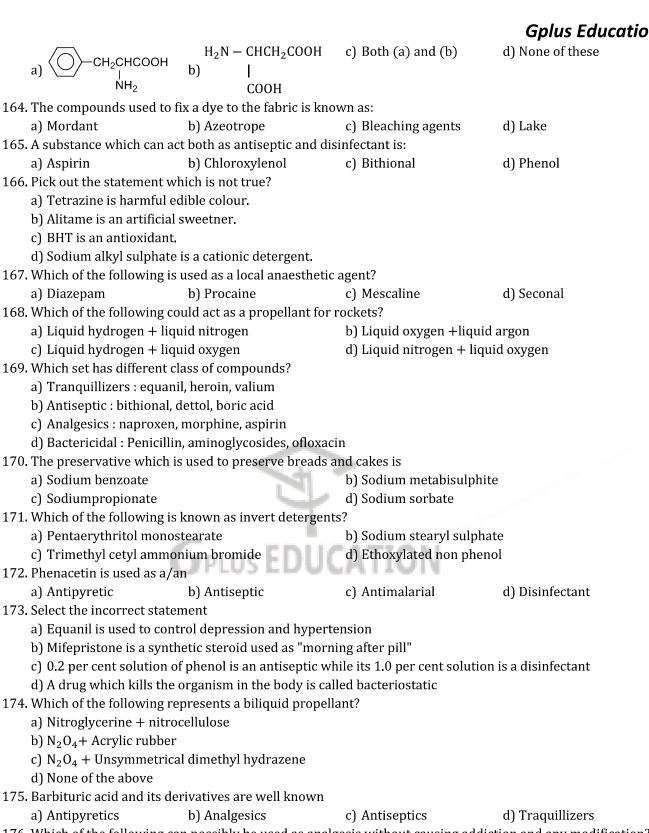
- 157. Which one is communicable disease?
  - a) Scurvy
- b) Diabetes
- c) Beri-beri
- d) Cholera

- 158. Which of the following is an alkaloid?
  - a) Nicotine
- b) Piperine
- c) Codeine
- d) All of these

d) Yellow fever

- a) Cold b) Influenza c) Small pox
- 160. Which is used for sterilization of water in water supply system of cities?
  a) Chlorine
  - b) Sulphurdioxide
  - c) Potassium permanganate
  - d) DDT
- 161. The name of the organic compound DDT is:
  - a) Dichloro diphenyl toluene
  - b) Dichloro diphenyl trichloroethane
  - c) Diphenyl dichloro trichloroethane
  - d) Dichloro diphenyl thiosemicarbazide
- 162. What type of a propellant was used in rocket SLV-3 which was fired by India?
  - a) Solid propellant
  - b) Monomethyl hydrazine + Liquid N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>
  - c) Unsymmetrical dimethyl hydrazine + Liquid N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>
  - d) Liquid oxygen
- 163. Aspartame is a non-nutritive sweetener. Assuming that both, amide and ester bonds are hydrolysed in the stomach, the amino acids obtained is

Gpl	us	Ed	luc	ati	on
· v	-	_ ~			• • •



176. Which of the following can possibly be used as analgesis without causing addiction and any modification?

a) Morphine

b) N-acetylparaaminophenol

c) Diazepam

d) Tetrahydrocatenol

177. The rose odour from an ester is formed by the action of HCOOH on:

a) Pine oil

b) Olive oil

c) Geraniol

d) Turpentine oil

178. Which one is a bacterial disease?

a) Amoebic dysentery

b) Gonorrhoea

c) Cholera

d) Mumps

179. Further growth of cancerous cells in the body is arrested by

- a) Physiotherapy
- b) Chemotherapy
- c) Elelctrotherapy
- d) Psychotherpy
- 180. Which of the following is a example of non-biodegradable detergent?
  - a)  $CH_3$ — $(CH_2)_{11}$ — $SO_3Na$

b) CH<sub>3</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>9</sub>CH-\ CH<sub>3</sub> SO<sub>3</sub>Na

c)  $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

- d)  $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2OSO_3Na$
- 181. The insecticide, germicide, gammexane is a formulation for:
  - a) DDT
  - b) Benzene hexachloride
  - c) Hexachlorobenzene
  - d) Chloral
- 182. The structure given below is known as

- a) Penicillin-F
- b) Penicillin-G
- c) Penicillin-K
- d) Ampicillin

- 183. Which of the following is used as an antioxidant is food?
  - a) BTX

b) BHT

c) BHC

d) All the three

- 184. Amoxycillin is semi-synthetic modification of
  - a) Penicillin
- b) Streptomycin
- c) Tetracycline
- d) Chloramphenicol

- 185. 'Placedo' is often given to patients. It is:
  - a) An antidepressant
  - b) A broad spectrum antibiotic
  - c) A sugar pill
  - d) A tonic
- 186. Choose the correct statement
  - a) Saccharin is 650 times sweeter than sugar
- b) Aspartame is 550 times sweeter than sugar
- c) Sucralose is 160 times sweeter than sugar
- d) Alitame is 2000 times sweeter than sugar
- 187. The pH value of gastric juice in human stomach is about 1.8 and in the small intestine it is about 7.8. The pK $_a$  value of aspirin is 3.5. Aspirin will be
  - a) Completely ionized in the small intestine and in the stomach.
  - b) Unionized in the small intestine and in the stomach.
  - c) Ionized in the small intestine and almost unionized in the stomach.
  - d) Ionized in the stomach and almost unionized in the small intestine.
- 188. Which of the following is a double base propellant?
  - a) Methyl nitrate and nitromethane
- b) Nitroglycerine and nitrocellulose

c) Kerosene and alcohol

d) Acrylic rubber and liquid N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

- 189. Which is correct about vanillin?
  - a) A flavouring agent having vanila flavour
  - b) o-hydroxy-m-methoxy benzaldehyde
  - c) A food additive
  - d) All of the above
- 190. Indigo shows *cis-trans* isomerism. Which is the stable form of indigo?
  - a) Cis

- b) Trans
- c) Either *cis* or *trans*
- d) Both (a) and (b)

- 191. The hybrid rocket propellant consists of
  - a) Acrylic rubber and liquid nitrogen tetraoxide.
- b) Polyurethane and ammonium perchlorate.
- c) Nitroglycerine and nitrocellulose.
- d) Liquid hydrogen and liquid oxygen.
- 192. 2,4-dichloro phenoxyacetic acid is used as a:

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uu	us	Lu	uL	uuu	,,,

a) Fungicide	b) Insecticide	c) Herbicide	d) Moth repellent
193. A space rocket is propelle	ed by:		
a) An automobile engine	b) Rocket propellant	c) Nuclear submarine	d) Steam engine
194. Paracetamol is a/an			
a) Antipyretic	b) Analgesic	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) Antimalarial
195. Malachite green is a direc	t dye for silk and wool. It is	prepared by condensing?	
a) Benzaldehyde and dim	ethyl aniline		
b) Carbonyl chloride and	dimethyl aniline		
c) Benzene diazonium ch	loride with dimethyl anilin	e	
d) None of the above			
196. A large number of antibio	tics have been isolated from	n:	
a) Bacteria actinomycete:	S		
b) Acids			
c) Alkanals			
d) Bacteria rhizobium			
197. Which of the following is	not an analgesic?		
a) Ibuprofen		b) Dichlofenac sodium	
c) Naproxen		d) Ofloxacin	
198. Veronal, a barbiturate dr	ug is used as:		
a) Anaesthetic	b) Sedative	c) Antiseptic	d) None of these
199. Amphetamine is used as			
a) Anaesthetic	b) Antidepressant	c) Antimalarial	d) Analgesic
200. Which of the following is	an aritificial edible colour?	>	
a) Saffron	b) Carotene	c) Tetrazine	d) Melamine
201. Which of the following re	presents a synthetic deterg	ent?	
a) C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>31</sub> COOK		b) CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> COONa	
c) C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>25</sub> —()—SO <sub>3</sub> I	No	d) All of the above	
c) $C_{12} H_{25} - \langle \bigcirc \rangle - SO_3 I$	POLICE FOLK	'ΔΤΙΩΝ	
202. Which of the following is	not bacteriostatic antibioti	c?	
a) Erythromycin	b) Tetracycline	c) Chloramphenicol	d) Penicillin
203. Chemically heroin is			
a) Morphine diacetate		b) Morphine monoacetate	
c) Morphine dibenzoate		d) Morphine monobenzoa	nte
204. Interferon is:			
a) Tonic	b) Virus	c) Carbohydrate	d) Ore of iron
205. Barbituric acid is used as			
a) An antipyretic	b) An antiseptic	c) An antibiotic	d) A tranquiliser
206. Sulphaguanidine is used f	for:		
a) Dysentery	b) Urinary infections	c) Antiseptic	d) Antipyretic
207. Sulpha drugs are derivati	ves of		
a) Benzenesulphonic acid	l	b) Sulphanilic acid	
c) Sulphanilamide		d) p-aminobenzoic acid	
208. A drug that is antipyretic	as well as analgesic is		
a) Chloroquine		b) Penicillin	
c) Paracetamol		d) Chloropromazine hydr	ochloride
209. Measles is a disease whic	h belongs to the category of	f:	
a) Bacterial disease	b) Viral disease	c) Veneral disease	d) Protozoan disease
210. For the preparation of a co	letergent "4" (given helow	) from henzene the followi	ng steps are involved
	ictergent in (given below	) ir om benzene, me ronowi	
$I_{\bullet} \xrightarrow{RCH=CH_2}$	etergent 11 (given below	j irom benzene, me ionowi	8 200 % 2 2 2

II. 
$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{III.} \xrightarrow{\text{NaOH}} \\
\text{CH}_{3} \\
\text{(A)}
\end{array}$$

These steps should be in sequence

- a) I, II, III
- b) II, I, III
- c) II, III, I
- d) I, III, II
- 211. Which of the following is used as an oxidiser in rocket propellants?
  - a) Kerosene
- b) Nitric acid
- c) Liquid oxygen
- d) Liquid hydrogen

- 212.  $H_2O_2$  used in rocket has the concentration
  - a) 50%

b) 70%

c) 30%

d) 90%

- 213. Aspirin is obtained by the reaction of CH<sub>3</sub>COCl with:
  - a) Phenol
  - b) Benzoic acid
  - c) Salicylic acid
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 214. Which of the following compounds is used as broad spectrum antibiotics?
  - a) Ampicillin
- b) Penicillin G
- c) Penicillin K
- d) Tetracycline

- 215. The detergent which is used as a germicide is
  - a) Sodium lauryl sulphate

b) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium chloride

c) Lauryl alcohol ethoxylate

- d) Sodium-2-dodecylbenzenesulphonate
- 216. Antiseptic are different from disinfectants as
  - a) Antiseptic merely inhibit the growth and disinfectant kill the microorganism
  - b) Antiseptic are used against microorganism while disinfectants are used against insects
  - c) Antiseptic are used only over skin while disinfectants can be taken orally also
  - d) Antiseptic are used over living tissues while disinfectants cannot be used over living tissues
- 217. A drug effective in the treatment of pneumonia, bronchitis, etc., is:
  - a) Streptomycin
- b) Chloramphenicol
- c) Penicilli
- d) Sulphaguanidine

218. The correct structure of the drug paracetamol is



b) HO——NHCOCH<sub>3</sub>

$$_{c)}$$
 CI——CONH<sub>2</sub>

 $_{
m d)}$  ci— $\left\langle \bigcirc \right
angle$ —coch $_{
m 3}$ 

- 219. Phenacetin is used as
  - a) Antipyretics
- b) Antiseptics
- c) Analgesic
- d) Antimalarials

- 220. Acetoxybenzoic acid is
  - a) Antiseptic
- b) Aspirin
- c) Antibiotic
- d) Mordant dye

- 221. Which one among the following is not an analgesic?
  - a) Ibuprofen
- b) Naproxen
- c) Aspirin
- d) Valium

- 222. Streptomycin is effective in the treatment of:
  - a) Tuberculosis
- b) Malaria
- c) Typhoid
- d) Cholera

- 223. The drug used to bring down fever are known as
  - a) Analgesic
- b) Antibiotic
- c) Antipyretic
- d) Sulpha drugs
- 224. A certain dye was prepared from a plant grown on a large scale in India. Name the dye:
  - a) Malachite green
- b) Congo red
- c) Indigo
- d) turmeric

- 225. Which of these is not used as a fuel in the rocket propellants?
  - a) Liquid He
- b) Liquid hydrogen
- c) Kerosene
- d) Liquid hydrazine

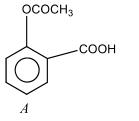
226. Penicillin is a/an

- b) Antibiotic d) Analgesic a) Hormone c) Antipyretic 227. Which of the following is used in rocket propellants? a)  $H_2(l)$ b)  $O_2(l)$ c)  $N_2H_4(l)$ d) All of these 228. The reagent (s) used in the preparation of aspirin from salicylic acid a) SOCl<sub>2</sub>, pyridine b)  $(CH_3CO)_2O$ , H c) CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, HCl d) CH<sub>3</sub>Cl, AlCl<sub>3</sub> 229. To which class of dyes does phenolphthalein belong? a) Azo dyes b) Nitro dyes c) Triphenyl methane dyes d) Phthalein dyes 230. Which is the wrong statement with regards to Indigo? a) Indigo was extracted in India from plants of the 'Indigo ferra' group b) The chemical structure of Indigo was determined by Baeyer, a German chemist who also synthesized it c) Indigo is a dark blue solid soluble in water giving a blue solution d) Indigo is fixed to fabrics by the vat process 231. Luminal, a barbiturate drug is used as a/an a) Antihistamine b) Sedative c) Antiseptic d) Antimalarial 232. Which of the following represents an analgesic? c) Novalgin d) All of these a) Equanil b) Quinine 233. Which of the following is an anionic detergent? b)  $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}^+N(CH_3)_3Cl^$ a)  $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CH_2OSO_3Na$ 

  - c)  $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}COO(CH_2CH_2O)_nCH_2CH_2OH$ d) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>Na
- 234. Aspirin, an antipyretic drug is chemically:
  - a) Methyl salicylate
  - b) Ethyl salicylate
  - c) Acetyl salicylic acid
  - d) o-hydroxy benzoic acid
- 235. The group commonly present in synthetic detergents is
- a) HCOONa b) RONa c) RCOONa
- 236. Oil of winter green and salol are the esters of:
  - a) Salicylic acid b) Lactic acid
- c) Acetic acid
- d) Sulphanilic acid

d) RC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>Na

237. Compound A given below is



- a) Antiseptic
- b) Antibiotic
- c) Analgesic
- d) Pesticide

- 238. An anaesthetic is
  - a) Procaine
- b) Chloramphenicol
- c) *n*-hexyl resorcinol
- d) Cibazol

- 239. The functional groups present in 'salol' are
  - a)  $NH_2$  and OR

b) — OH and — COR

c) —  $NH_2$  and — COOH

- d) OH and COOR
- 240. An example of a psychedlic agents is
  - a) DNA

b) LSD

c) DDT

d) TNT

- 241. Anti-allergy drugs are
  - a) Antimicrobials
- b) Antihistamines
- c) Antivirals
- d) Antifungals

242. Pencillin was first discovered by

- a) Alexander Fleming
- b) Tence and Salke
- c) S.A. Waksman

b) Solution of I2 in aqueous KI

d) Detergents are always pollution free

d) Aqueous solution of KI

d) Louis Pasteur

- 243. Tincture of iodine is
  - a) Aqueous solution of I<sub>2</sub>
  - c) Alcoholic solution of I<sub>2</sub>
- 244. Which detergent can cause maximum pollution?

a) 
$${\rm CH_3CH(C_4H_9)-CH_2CH_2CH(C_4H_9)(CH_2)_3}\atop {\rm CH(C_4H_9)CH_2CH_2SO_3Na}$$

- 245. Which among the following is not an antibiotic?
  - a) Penicillin
- b) Oxytocin
- c) Erythromycin

b) CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>11</sub>-

d) Tetracycline

- 246. Which of the following statements is not true?
  - a) Some disinfectants can be used as antiseptic at low concentration
  - b) Sulphadiazine is a synthetic antibacterial
  - c) Ampicillin is natural antibiotic
  - d) Aspirin is analgesic and antipyretic both



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